

Africa Scorecard on Domestic Financing for Health, 2018



	#1	#2	#3	#4		#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10	#11
	How much does government spend on (Current expenditure, 2015)		health ^A S		Source of spending, as a % of to spending ^B (Current expenditu			How much does govt spend on health ^c (Capital expenditure, 2015)		Fisca	l space ^D	
Member State ¹			as % of GDP	a % of			Households &	Development			Annual GDP	Tax revenue as
	Per capita ²	as % of GDP ³	over time ⁴	the Govt budget⁵	G	overnment ⁶	employers ^{7 & Y}	Partners ⁸	Per Capita ⁹	as a % of GDP ¹⁰	growth rate ¹¹	a % of GDP?12
	>\$86.3 per capita ^v	> 5% GDP ^w	% GDP trend						Green if spe	ending here	GDP	>15% in LIC
# Benchmark:		s must meet #1 & #2)	2001-2015	>15% ^x		Out of 1	00%, unless indica	nted	pushes sper target in		growth rate 2001-2016	+ LMIC >18% in UMIC ^z
1 Algeria	\$206	4.98%	_	10.67%	100%	70.58%	29.40%	0.03%	\$0.46	0.01%	Mana	37.2% (2011)
2 Angola	\$52	1.40%	~~~~	3.73%	100%	47.51%	49.72%	2.77%	\$4.76	0.13%		12.5% (2015)
3 Benin	\$6	0.80%	·	3.37%	100%	20.14%	45.63%	34.23%	\$1.97	0.25%	~~~	15.4% (2013)
4 Botswana	\$215	3.29%	~~~	8.82%	100%	55.10%	36.54 <mark>%</mark>	8.36%	\$1.27	0.02%	~~~	25.8% (2014)
5 Burkina Faso	\$9	1.54%	_^~~	7.17%	100%	28.24%	42.20%	29.56%	\$1.32	0.22%	WY	15.5% (2016)
6 Burundi	\$9	3.20%	~~~	11.77%	100%	38.82%	20.66%	40.52%	\$0.18	0.06%	W	12.2% (2013)
7 Cabo Verde, Republic of	\$99	3.29%	~~~	10.82%	100%	67.81%	25.70%	6.48%	\$7.65 (2014)	0.21% (2014)	~~	18.4% (2009)
8 Cameroon	\$9	0.74%	~~~	3.11%	100%	14.46 <mark>%</mark>	77.64%	7.90%	\$3.63	0.29%	-	No data
9 Central African Republic	\$2	0.61%	~~~	4.08%	100%	12.77 <mark>%</mark>	43.73%	43.51%	\$0.92	0.26%	~~~	9.2% (2011)
10 Chad	\$8	1.07%	~~~	6.28%	100%	23.46%	61.65%	14.89%	\$2.52	0.32%	1	No data
11 Comoros	\$8	1.08%	~~~	3.80%	100%	13.40 [%]	76.53%	10.07%	\$7.45 (2013)	0.89% (2013)	~~~	No data
12 Congo, Republic of	\$25	1.48%	~~~	3.08%	100%		4 5.66%	11.12%	\$13.66	0.80%		9.4% (2012)
13 Côte d'Ivoire	\$16	1.19%		5.04%	100%	21.83%	51.83%	26.34%	\$7.95	0.57%	~~~	14.0% (2014)
14 Democratic Republic of the Congo	\$3	0.70%		4.95%	100%	16.49%	44.24%	39.27%	\$0.84	0.18%	~~~	8.8% (2010)
15 Djibouti	\$45	2.40%		4.07%	100%		22.36%	23.01%	\$9.10 (2014)	0.52% (2014)		No data
16 Egypt	\$47	1.25%		4.18%	100%	30.08%	69.66%	0.25%	No o		~~~	12.5% (2015)
17 Equatorial Guinea	\$66	0.63%	/	1.26%	100%	23.53%	75.02%	1.45%	\$198.44	1.91%	•	12.8% (2009)
18 Eritrea	\$7	0.76%	~~~	1.83%	100%		52.38%	24.65%	No c			No data
19 Ethiopia	\$7	1.09%	_^	5.98%	99.8%	26.87%	57.66%	15.30%	\$2.71 (2014)	0.49% (2014)	A / ^~	9.2% (2011)
20 Gabon	\$117	1.58%	~~~	7.00%	100%	58.91%	40.27%	0.82%	\$42.54	0.58%	W/V -	No data
21 Gambia	\$15	3.14%	~~~~	10.62%	100%	46.56%	25.62%	27.82%	\$1.23 (2013)	0.25% (2013)	V V V	15.1% (2009)
22 Ghana	\$28	2.06%	^ -	7.08%	100%	34.95% 17.15%	39.48%	25.57%	\$0.75	0.06%	~~~	13.7% (2010)
23 Guinea24 Guinea-Bissau	\$4	0.78% 2.15%		2.73% 9.51%	100%		57.96%	24.89%	No (- A -	No data No data
	\$12 \$23	1.73%	~ ~	6.29%	100%	33.10%	37.16% 48.21%	31.58% 18.68%	\$10.09 (2013) \$5.00 (2013)	1.46% (2013) 0.41% (2013)	~~~~	16.3% (2015)
25 Kenya26 Lesotho	\$52	4.75%	. 6	9.31%	100%	56.82%	16.85%	26.33%	\$8.43	0.41% (2013)		48.6% (2013)
27 Liberia	\$52 \$5	1.13%	~~~	2.68%	100%		21.66%	70.93%			7	20.3% (2013)
28 Libya		since 2011	~~~	No data	100%	74170	No data	70.5570	No data No data		¥	No data
29 Madagascar	\$10	2.37%	~~~~	15.61%	100%	45.15%	28.17%	26.68%	No		1	9.9% (2014)
30 Malawi	\$10	2.67%	\\\\	10.77%	99.7%	28.65%	17.55%	53.50%	\$0.00	0.00%	~~~	15.5% (2016)
31 Mali	\$7	0.96%		4.46%	100%	16.55%	47.08%	36.37%	\$3.14 (2014)	0.38% (2014)	w	15.4% (2016)
32 Mauritania	\$21	1.81%	~~~	5.53%	100%	39.02%	52.25%	8.73%	\$7.65	0.66%		No data
33 Mauritius	\$232	2.54%	~~~	9.95%	100%		51.48%	2.72%	\$20.25 (2014)	0.20%	~~~	18.1% (2016)
34 Morocco	\$69	2.39%		7.75%	100%	43.29%	55.71%	0.99%	\$4.63	0.16%	www	23.3% (2011)
35 Mozambique	\$2	1.88% (2014)	~~~	1.22%	100%	8.09%	6.85%	85.06%	No o	data	\	23.1% (2013)
36 Namibia	\$266	5.62%	~~~	12.93%	100%	62.98%	27.75%	9.27%	\$0.03 (2014)	0.00% (2014)	m	33.2% (2015)
37 Niger	\$5	1.51%	~~~~	4.59%	100%	21.02%	53.22%	25.76%	\$2.06	0.57%	www	No data
38 Nigeria	\$16	0.59%	~~~	5.30%	101%	16.53%	73.73%	9.94%	\$2.10	0.08%	1	1.5% (2013)
39 Rwanda	\$12	1.69%	^ ~~	6.21%	100%	21.37%	34.48%	44.15%	\$2.07 (2014)	0.29% (2014)	1	14.9% (2016)
40 Sahrawi Republic (Western Sahara)	No	data	No dat	a			No data		No o	data	No	data
41 São Tomé and Príncipe	\$59	3.66%	~	10.68%	100%	37.19%	13.73%	49.09%	\$8.73 (2013)	0.54% (2013)	~W~	14.6% (2012)
42 Senegal	\$11	1.26%	~~~	4.20%	100%	31.75%	56.54%	11.71%	\$7.98 (2014)	0.74% (2014)	m.	20.5% (2016)
43 Seychelles	\$477	3.29%	~~~	10.03%	100%	96.99%	2.54%	0.46%	\$17.63	0.12%	~	31.6% (2016)
44 Sierra Leone	\$10	1.64%	~~	7.86%	100%	8.9 <mark>6%</mark>	38 .41%	52.63%	No o	data	/ ─✓	8.6% (2014)
45 Somalia	No	data	No dat				No data		No		No	data
46 South Africa	\$252	4.39%		14.06%	100%	53.55%	44.01 <mark>%</mark>	2.43%	\$11.05	0.19%	~~	27.3% (2015)
47 South Sudan	\$6	0.54%		1.64%	100%	21.14%	64.73%	14.13%	No o		*	No data
48 Sudan	\$47	1.97%		18.09%	100%	31.14%	66.92%	1.94%	No data		~~~	No data
49 eSwatini (formerly Swaziland)	\$151	4.56%		14.91%	100%	64.70%	19.55%	15.75%	No		~~~	28.6% (2012)
50 Tanzania, United Republic of	\$11	2.16%	\sim	7.43%	100%	35.30%	28.06%	36.64%	No o		~~~	11.9% (2014)
51 Togo	\$10	1.86%		5.72%	100%	28.00%	56.82%	15.18%	\$0.70 (2014)	0.11% (2014)	~~~	21.9% (2016)
52 Tunisia	\$145	3.80%		13.57%	100%		43.27%	0.42%	\$11.13 (2014)	0.26% (2014)	m	21.1% (2012)
53 Uganda	\$6	0.98%	~~~			13.43 <mark>%</mark>	46.71%	39.86%	\$1.09 (2013)	0.16% (2013)		13.5% (2016)
54 Zambia	\$25	1.96%	~~~			36.56%	39.16%	24.28%	\$4.56 (2011)	0.27% (2011)		16.1% (2011)
55 Zimbabwe	\$20	2.15%		8.15%	87.1%	20.82%	41.97%	24.26%	\$0.12	0.01%	~~~	21.4% (2012)

With the support of:





Notes on the scorecard:

The Africa Scorecard on Domestic Financing for Health is an advocacy tool for member states to use in financial planning and expenditure tracking.

This Scorecard is based on 2015 health financing data - the latest data currently available. The Scorecard will be updated annually and released following the *AU Heads of State Summit* in July each year.

9

Target met

Target not met

No data

What story are the indicators trying to tell? A. How much does government spend on health (excluding capital expenditure) Total US\$ amount that government invests in health current expenditures, per person. The WHO HLTF recommends investing a minimum of #1. Per Capita \$86.30pp (inflated to 2015 US\$). The interventions included in this package are detailed in the box below (What health benefits package does \$86.30 per capita buy?). The % of the total economy (% GDP) that government invests in health. #2. As a % of It makes little sense for small and larger economies to have the same US\$ per capita target. GDP Governments should therefore also spend >5% of GDP on health (often more than\$86.30). #2, tracked over time (from 2001 to 2016). This graph #3. As a % of GDP over should track upwards as governments progressively time increase domestic investment in health. The % of the government budget dedicated to Health. (Abuja target commitment = 15%). #4. As a % of Getting to 15% will take time, but it will only be Government achieved through substantial increases in domestic budget investment in health made incrementally year-on-B. What sources do total (current) spending on health come from, measured as a % of total health spending (% of 100%) Describes the share (%) of total health expenditure #5. Government provided by government. Describes the share (%) of total health expenditure #6. Households & employers provided by households and employers. Describes the share (%) of total health expenditure **#7.** Donors provided by development partners. C. How much does government spend on capital investment in health (e.g. Infrastructure, HRH training; R&D) Total US\$ amount that government invests in health #8. Per Capita capital expenditures, per person. **#9.** As a % of The % of the total economy (% GDP) that government invests in health capital expenditure. Current vs Capital Expenditure "The updated System of Health Accounts (SHA2011) differentiates between current and capital expenditures. Capital expenditure refers to spending on assets that are expected to be productive for a long period of time, for example Infrastructure (clinics, hospitals), HRH training, and Research & Development. Capital investments may be tangible (e.g. hospital buildings, ambulances or MRI machines) or intangible (e.g. investment in software and databases). Current expenditures include everything else - the operating costs over the financial year.' D. How much 'fiscal space' does the government budget have for increasing domestic spending (on any priority)? Has the economy been growing over time? #10. Rate of GDP A growing (larger) economy means more resources growth (%) even at the same % of investment. Is government generating enough revenue by collecting a sufficient % of the economy through taxation? If not, increasing tax collection provides room to expand the budget. Targets are the recommendations of the IMF (by #11. Tax revenue country income classification level). (% of GDP) Note that this indicator ('Tax revenue') fails to capture resources from mining, oil and gas and therefore under-estimates tax revenue in resource dependent countries What health benefits package does \$86.30 per capita buy? "The amount of \$86.30pp is derived from the cost estimates of the High Level Taskforce on Innovative International Financing for Health Systems (HLTF), inflated to 2016 US\$. The HLTF was convened by the WHO in 2005 and 2009 and was an effort to cost a set of primary health care interventions and services guaranteed by various UN conventions (i.e.

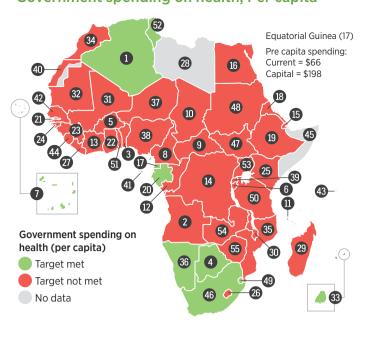
health interventions committed to by all UN Member States).

The HLTF cost estimates were based on the health burden of 49 lowincome countries (including 33 in Sub-Saharan Africa). The focus was on the cost of scaling up interventions and health system support required to accelerate achievement of the health-related Millennium Development Goals (MDGs). The benefit package therefore focussed on malnutrition (MDG1), maternal health (MDG4), child health (immunisation and newborn health - MDG5) and AIDS, TB & malaria (MDG6) interventions as well as the on providing the necessary health system support - the inputs required to scale-up the systems and the services. Finally, the estimate includes the cost of health promotion for MDGs 4-6 as well as two interventions that address chronic diseases (tobacco control and salt reduction in processed foods) and essential drugs for chronic diseases, some cancers, neglected tropical diseases, mental health and general care as well as the medicines needed for these areas (MDG8e)."

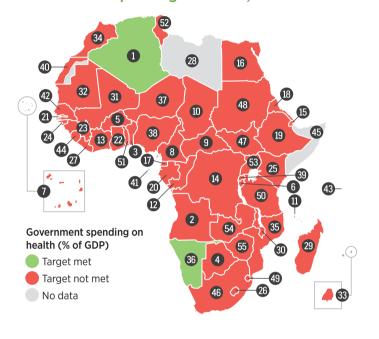
Are Member States producing NHAs annually?

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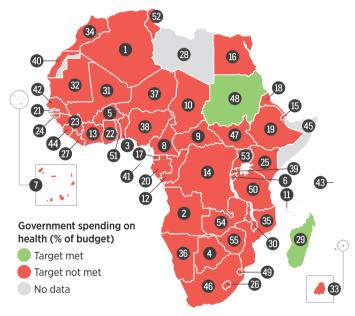
Government spending on health, Per capita



Government spending on health, as % of GDP



Government spending on health, as % of Government budget



Tec	chnical indicators and data source	es:				
1	AU Member States	AU				
2	Per Capita (current expenditure)					
-	A 0/ - 6 CDD ()	a u				

No data Target in progress Target met Target not met

Technical indicators and data sources:						
1	AU Member States	AU				
2	Per Capita (current expenditure)					
3	As a % of GDP (current)	ture				
4	As a % of GDP over time (current)	endii				
5	As a % of Govt budget (current)	WHO Global Health Expenditure database				
6	Source: Government (current)	l Health E				
7	Source: Households & Employers	obal				
8	Source: Donors (current)	0 6				
9	Per Capita (capital expenditure)	¥				
10	As a % of GDP (capital)					
11	GDP growth (annual %)	World	Ī			
12	Tax revenue (% of GDP)	Bank				
10	As a % of GDP (capital) GDP growth (annual %)	World				

The 55 members of the African Union, as per the African Union (as per https://au.int/en/memberstates) Current Health Expenditure (CHE) per capita in US\$, 2015 Current Health Expenditure (CHE) as % Gross Domestic Product (GDP), 2015 Current Health Expenditure (CHE) as % Gross Domestic Product (GDP), 2001-2015 $Domestic\ General\ Government\ Health\ Expenditure\ (GGHE-D)\ as\ \%\ General\ Government\ Expenditure\ (GGE)$ NOTE: GGHE-D definition has changed to include only domestic sources and current government expenditures on health GGHE-D as % CHE, 2015 PVT-D as % CHE, 2015 EXT as % CHE. 2015 Health Capital Expenditure (HK) in current US\$ per capita, 2015 Health Capital Expenditure (HK) as % Gross Domestic Product (GDP), 2015 World Bank Open Data - World Development Indicators database:

HyperLink: https://data.worldbank.org/indicator/GC.TAX.TOTL.GD.ZS

So	Sources for each target:					
		WHO High Level Task Force (HLTF) target (2005) of \$56 per capita minimum required to meet a basic level of health. Inflated to 2015 US\$ (\$86.30)				
V	>\$86.30 per capita (in 2015)	Di McIntyre & Filip Meheus (2017) updated the 2005 HLTF estimate to 2015 U\$ dollars, accounting for variable inflation rates and exchange rate changes across the countries included in the HLTF. [Pg. 11, Footnote 3 in Mcintyre, D. & Meheus, F. (2017)]	0			
	capita (III 2013)	Mcintyre, D., Meheus, F., & Røttingen, J. (2017). What level of domestic government health expenditure should we aspire to for universal health coverage? Health Economics, Policy and Law, 12(2), 125-137. doi:10.1017/S1744133116000414				
W	>5% GDP	Mcintyre, D. & Meheus, F. (2017). Fiscal Space for Domestic Funding of Health and Other Social Services. Chatham House Centre on Global Health Security Working Group Papers	0			
Х	>15%	Abuja declaration target (2001) (The Abuja Declaration on HIV/AIDS, Tuberculosis and other related infectious diseases)	0			
Υ	<20%	WHO (World Health Report 2010, Table 5.2, page.98) advises that "Where out-of-pocket health payments is lower than 15–20%, there is little financial catastrophe or impoverishment." (Note: McIntyre & Meheus calculate that reducing OOP expenditure to <20% equates to Govt spending 6% of GDP on health)	0			
Z	>15% and >18%	The International Monetary Fund (IMF) recommended targets. >15% for low-income countries (LICs) and low-middle income countries (LMICs); >18% for upper-middle-income countries (UMICs). [Note that this indicator is SDG target 17.1].	0			